REGULAR BOARD OF EDUCATION MEETING - WORK SESSION

November 4, 2021

7:00 p.m.

ADMINISTRATION BUILDING/MEETING ROOM

This meeting is a meeting of the Board of Education in public for the purpose of conducting the School District's business and is not to be considered a public community meeting. There is a time for public participation during the meeting as indicated in the agenda. Public comment is your opportunity to make a comment to the Board. When your name is called, please stand and state your name, address, and topic. You will have three (3) minutes to speak. If your comment involves a problem with a student, employee, or Board member please do not address them by name. The primary role of the Board of Education is to listen and reflect on your comments. Sometimes Board members may respond or ask questions, but not always. Whether we respond or not, your input is valued.

AGENDA

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. ROLL CALL

Present Not Present

Michelle Bissell Sherry Buckner-Sallee John J. Krupinski Richard O. Micko Laura Wolfe-Housum

- 3. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
- 4. <u>DISTRICT GOALS</u>
- 5. PUBLIC COMMENT

AGENDA NOVEMBER 4, 2021

6.	TREASURER'S REPORT
v.	I KEASUKEK S KEI OK

A. <u>DISCUSSION ITEM</u>

1. <u>Five-Year Forecast</u>

(Exhibit A)

Meeting adjourned at ______ p.m.

7. <u>SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT</u>

A. <u>SUPERINTENDENT</u>

1. <u>Presentation – Supporting Our Gifted Learners and Families</u>

8. BOARD OF EDUCATION / OTHER

9. EXECUTIVE SESSION

10.

Motion:	Second:	Roll Call:	Yes	No
		Michelle Bissell		
		Sherry Buckner-Sallee	!	
		John J. Krupinski		
		Richard O. Micko		
		Laura Wolfe-Housum		
Entered into I	Executive Session at	p.m.		
Resumed Pub	lic Session at	p.m.		
ADJOURNM	<u>IENT</u>			
Motion:	Second:	Roll Call:	Yes	No
		Michelle Bissell		
		Sherry Buckner-Sallee	?	
		John J. Krupinski		
		Richard O. Micko		
		Laura Wolfe-Housum		

Strongsville City School District Schedule Of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances Actual and Forecasted Operating Fund

	Fiscal Year 2019	ACTUAL Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2021	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2023	FORECASTED Fiscal Year 2024	Fiscal Year 2025	Fiscal Year 2026
Revenue: 1.010 - General Property Tax (Real Estate)	46,588,289	53,791,543	57,859,774	56,316,513	59,328,809	59,698,292	56,020,882	52,275,275
1.020 - Public Utility Personal Property 1.030 - Income Tax	3,128,104	3,467,303	3,876,292	4,252,219	4,548,534	4,865,567	5,014,784	5,174,402
1.035 - Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	9,881,211	8,741,678	9,363,778	7,358,402	7,650,515	7,867,754	8,092,411	8,309,278
1.040 - Restricted Grants-in-Aid 1.045 - Restricted Federal Grants-in-Aid - SFSF	72,530	72,471 -	72,470 -	560,096 -	494,119 -	438,169 -	375,101 -	318,381
1.050 - Property Tax Allocation 1.060 - All Other Operating Revenues	6,120,112 6,724,314	6,231,907 6,709,132	6,331,252 6,493,172	6,433,344 6,344,749	6,544,334 5,845,511	6,592,772 5,845,511	6,177,568 5,845,511	5,759,504 5,845,511
1.070 - Total Revenue	72,514,558	79,014,033	83,996,737	81,265,323	84,411,822	85,308,065	81,526,257	77,682,351
Other Financing Sources:								
2.010 - Proceeds from Sale of Notes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.020 - State Emergency Loans and Advancements 2.040 - Operating Transfers-In	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.050 - Advances-In 2.060 - All Other Financing Sources	96,621 470,912	26,393 702,870	86,601 1,213,260	126,862 299,159	80,000 22,000	80,000 22,000	80,000 22,000	80,000 22,000
2.070 - Total Other Financing Sources	567,533	729,263	1,299,862	426,021	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000
2.080 - Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	73,082,091	79,743,296	85,296,599	81,691,344	84,513,822	85,410,065	81,628,257	77,784,351
Expenditures: 3.010 - Personnel Services	41,403,624	41,772,793	43,397,249	45,565,008	48,072,231	49,186,543	50,177,557	50,866,651
3.020 - Employees' Retirement/Insurance Benefits	16,689,118	16,877,042	17,174,054	18,125,171	19,453,902	20,523,227	21,724,382	22,898,208
3.030 - Purchased Services 3.040 - Supplies and Materials	7,977,178 1,653,731	7,824,735 1,364,056	8,156,833 1,556,663	6,639,248 2,259,771	6,902,700 2,303,711	6,975,852 2,303,711	7,066,064 2,303,711	7,160,261 2,303,711
3.050 - Capital Outlay	998,557	693,556	927,927	992,494	866,263	866,263	866,263	866,263
3.060 - Intergovernmental	-	-	=	=	=	-	=	=
Debt Service: 4.010 - Principal-All Years	296,492	309,018	327.143	340,897	355.310	375,413	45,000	45,000
4.020 - Principal - Notes	-		-	-	-		-	-
4.030 - Principal - State Loans 4.040 - Principal - State Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.050 - Principal - HB264 Loan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.055 - Principal - Other 4.060 - Interest and Fiscal Charges	121,498	106,746	91,543	76,161	- 59,539	42,033	32,053	30,118
4.300 - Other Objects 4.500 - Total Expenditures	1,012,911 70,153,111	1,044,905 69,992,851	1,146,846 72,778,257	1,208,147 75,206,897	1,260,610 79,274,266	1,278,899 81,551,941	1,298,803 83,513,833	1,314,418 85,484,630
·	70,133,111	05,552,051	72,770,237	73,200,037	73,274,200	01,331,341	03,313,033	05,404,030
Other Financing Uses 5.010 - Operating Transfers-Out	1,464,290	594,995	1,003,288	355,934	405,144	404,327	453,481	453,481
5.020 - Advances-Out	26,393	86,601	126,862	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000
5.030 - All Other Financing Uses 5.040 - Total Other Financing Uses	1,490,683	681,596	1,130,150	435,934	485,144	484,327	533,481	533,481
5.050 - Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	71,643,794	70,674,447	73,908,408	75,642,831	79,759,410	82,036,268	84,047,314	86,018,111
Excess of Rev & Other Financing Uses Over (Under) 6.010 - Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	1,438,297	9,068,849	11,388,191	6,048,513	4,754,412	3,373,797	(2,419,057)	(8,233,760)
Cash Balance July 1 - Excluding Proposed Renewal/ 7.010 - Replacement and New Levies	31,195,200	32,633,497	41,702,345	53,090,536	59,139,049	63,893,461	67,267,258	64,848,201
7.020 - Cash Balance June 30	32,633,497	41,702,345	53,090,536	59,139,049	63,893,461	67,267,258	64,848,201	56,614,441
8.010 - Estimated Encumbrances June 30	1,726,332	1,932,269	2,173,525	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000
Reservations of Fund Balance: 9.010 - Textbooks and Instructional Materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.020 - Capital Improvements 9.030 - Budget Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.040 - DPIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.050 - Debt Service 9.060 - Property Tax Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.070 - Bus Purchases 9.080 - Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance June 30 for Certification 10.010 - of Appropriations	30,907,165	39,770,077	50,917,011	57,039,049	61,793,461	65,167,258	62,748,201	54,514,441
Rev from Replacement/Renewal Levies								
11.010 - Income Tax - Renewal 11.020 - Property Tax - Renewal or Replacement				-	-	-	- 4,848,561	- 9,740,057
11.030 - Property Tax - Reneward Replacement 11.030 - Cumulative Balance of Replacement/Renewal Levies	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,848,561	14,588,618
Fund Balance June 30 for Certification 12.010 - of Contracts, Salary and Other Obligations	30,907,165	39,770,077	50,917,011	57,039,049	61,793,461	65,167,258	67,596,762	69,103,059
	55,507,105	33,770,077	30,317,011	37,033,043	01,755,701	03,207,230	07,000,702	05,105,055
Revenue from New Levies 13.010 - Income Tax - New				-	-	-	-	-
13.020 - Property Tax - New 13.030 - Cumulative Balance of New Levies				=	=	-	=	=
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14.010 - Revenue from Future State Advancements	-	=	-	=	=	-	=	-
15.010 - Unreserved Fund Balance June 30	30,907,165	39,770,077	50,917,011	57,039,049	61,793,461	65,167,258	67,596,762	69,103,059
I	I		ļ					

5-Year with Replacement/Renewal Levy Revenue Included - Lines 1.010, 1.020, 1.030 and 1.050

Strongsville City School District Schedule Of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances Actual and Forecasted Operating Fund

			Actual allu	rorecasted Operating rund				
	Fiscal Year	ACTUAL Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	FORECASTED Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Revenue:	46 500 200	F2 701 F42	E7 0E0 774	EC 21C E12	E0 220 000	E0 600 202	60 201 027	25.50.00
1.010 - General Property Tax (Real Estate) 1.020 - Public Utility Personal Property	46,588,289 3,128,104	53,791,543 3,467,303	57,859,774 3,876,292	56,316,513 4,252,219	59,328,809 4,548,534	59,698,292 4,865,567	60,201,027 5,204,697	60,661,776 5,567,465
1.030 - Income Tax	· · · ·		-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1.035 - Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	9,881,211	8,741,678	9,363,778	7,358,402	7,650,515	7,867,754	8,092,411	8,309,278
1.040 - Restricted Grants-in-Aid 1.045 - Restricted Federal Grants-in-Aid - SFSF	72,530	72,471	72,470	560,096	494,119	438,169	375,101	318,381
1.050 - Property Tax Allocation	6,120,112	6,231,907	6,331,252	6,433,344	6,544,334	6,592,772	6,656,072	6,719,998
1.060 - All Other Operating Revenues	6,724,314	6,709,132	6,493,172	6,344,749	5,845,511	5,845,511	5,845,511	5,845,511
1.070 - Total Revenue	72,514,558	79,014,033	83,996,737	81,265,323	84,411,822	85,308,065	86,374,818	87,422,408
Other Financing Sources:								
2.010 - Proceeds from Sale of Notes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.020 - State Emergency Loans and Advancements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.040 - Operating Transfers-In	- 00 021	-	- 90 001	120,002	-	-	-	-
2.050 - Advances-In 2.060 - All Other Financing Sources	96,621 470,912	26,393 702,870	86,601 1,213,260	126,862 299,159	80,000 22,000	80,000 22,000	80,000 22,000	80,000 22,000
2.070 - Total Other Financing Sources	567,533	729,263	1,299,862	426,021	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000
2.080 - Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	73,082,091	79,743,296	85,296,599	81,691,344	84,513,822	85,410,065	86,476,818	87,524,408
Expenditures:								
3.010 - Personnel Services	41,403,624	41,772,793	43,397,249	45,565,008	48,072,231	49,186,543	50,177,557	50,866,651
3.020 - Employees' Retirement/Insurance Benefits	16,689,118	16,877,042	17,174,054	18,125,171	19,453,902	20,523,227	21,724,382	22,898,208
3.030 - Purchased Services	7,977,178	7,824,735	8,156,833	6,639,248	6,902,700	6,975,852	7,066,064	7,160,261
3.040 - Supplies and Materials 3.050 - Capital Outlay	1,653,731 998,557	1,364,056 693,556	1,556,663 927,927	2,259,771 992,494	2,303,711 866,263	2,303,711 866,263	2,303,711 866,263	2,303,711 866,263
3.060 - Intergovernmental	-	-	527,527	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:	200 400	200.010	227 4 42	240.007	255 240	275 442	45.000	45 000
4.010 - Principal-All Years 4.020 - Principal - Notes	296,492	309,018	327,143	340,897	355,310	375,413	45,000	45,000
4.030 - Principal - Notes 4.030 - Principal - State Loans	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
4.040 - Principal - State Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.050 - Principal - HB264 Loan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.055 - Principal - Other 4.060 - Interest and Fiscal Charges	121,498	106,746	91,543	76,161	- 59,539	42,033	32,053	30,118
4.300 - Other Objects	1,012,911	1,044,905	1,146,846	1,208,147	1,260,610	1,278,899	1,298,803	1,314,418
4.500 - Total Expenditures	70,153,111	69,992,851	72,778,257	75,206,897	79,274,266	81,551,941	83,513,833	85,484,630
Other Financing Uses								
Other Financing Uses 5.010 - Operating Transfers-Out	1,464,290	594,995	1,003,288	355,934	405,144	404,327	453,481	453,481
5.020 - Advances-Out	26,393	86,601	126,862	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000
5.030 - All Other Financing Uses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.040 - Total Other Financing Uses 5.050 - Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	1,490,683 71,643,794	681,596 70,674,447	1,130,150 73,908,408	435,934 75,642,831	485,144 79,759,410	484,327 82,036,268	533,481 84,047,314	533,481 86,018,111
5.050 Total Experiance of the Trinancing 05.05	71,013,731	70,071,117	, 5,500, 100	75,012,031	75,755,110	02,030,200	01,017,011	00,010,111
Excess of Rev & Other Financing Uses Over (Under)	L							
6.010 - Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	1,438,297	9,068,849	11,388,191	6,048,513	4,754,412	3,373,797	2,429,504	1,506,297
Cash Balance July 1 - Including Proposed Renewal/								
7.010 - Replacement and New Levies	31,195,200	32,633,497	41,702,345	53,090,536	59,139,049	63,893,461	67,267,258	69,696,763
7000 0 10 1 10 00	00.500.407	44 700 045	50 000 500	50 100 010		67.067.050	60 606 760	74 000 050
7.020 - Cash Balance June 30	32,633,497	41,702,345	53,090,536	59,139,049	63,893,461	67,267,258	69,696,763	71,203,059
8.010 - Estimated Encumbrances June 30	1,726,332	1,932,269	2,173,525	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000
Reservations of Fund Balance:								
9.010 - Textbooks and Instructional Materials 9.020 - Capital Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.030 - Budget Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.040 - DPIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.050 - Debt Service 9.060 - Property Tax Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.070 - Bus Purchases	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.080 - Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1							
Fund Balance June 30 INCLUDING Replacement/Renewal Levies	30,907,165	39,770,077	50,917,011	57,039,049	61,793,461	65,167,258	67,596,763	69,103,059
Rev from Replacement/Renewal Levies INCLUDED Above:	30,307,103	33,770,077	50,517,011	37,033,043	01,755,401	03,107,230	07,550,705	05,105,055
1.01 - Real Estate				-	-	-	4,180,145	8,386,501
1.02 - Public Utility PP 1.03 - Income Tax				-	-	-	189,913	393,063
1.05 - Rollback & Homestead and TPP Reimbursement				-	-	-	478,504	960,494
							5,50 1	, +
Total of Replacement/Renewal Levies INCLUDED Above	2			-	-	-	4,848,561	9,740,057
Pevenue from New Levies								
Revenue from New Levies 13.010 - Income Tax - New								
13.020 - Property Tax - New				-	-	_	_	-
13.030 - Cumulative Balance of New Levies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14.010 Povonuo from Cuture State Advisory								
14.010 - Revenue from Future State Advancements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15.010 - Unreserved Fund Balance June 30	30,907,165	39,770,077	50,917,011	57,039,049	61,793,461	65,167,258	67,596,763	69,103,059
					-		-	

Strongsville City School District

Five Year Forecast Financial Report

November, 2021



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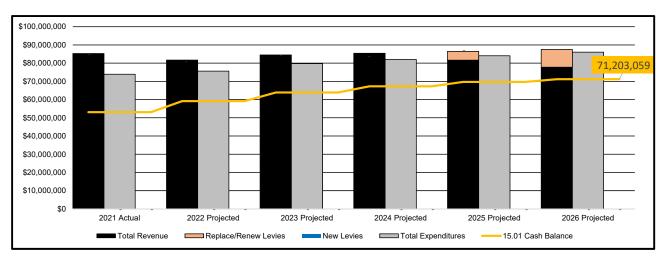
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Forecast Purpose/Objectives

Ohio Department of Education's purposes/objectives for the five-year forecast are:

- 1. To engage the local board of education and the community in the long range planning and discussions of financial issues facing the school district.
- 2. To serve as a basis for determining the school district's ability to sign the certificate required by O.R.C. §5705.412, commonly known as the "412 certificate"
- 3. To provide a method for the Department of Education and Auditor of State to identify school districts with potential financial problems.

Forecast Methodology - This forecast is prepared based upon historical trends and current factors. This information is then extrapolated into estimates for subsequent years. The forecast variables can change multiple times throughout the fiscal year and while cash flow monitoring helps to identify unexpected variances no process is guaranteed. The intent is to provide the district's financial trend over time and a roadmap for decisions aimed at encouraging financial sustainability and stability.



Note: Cash balance (Line 7.020) plus any existing levy modeled as renewed or new during the forecast.

Financial Forecast	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	
Beginning Balance (Line 7.010) Plus	53,090,536	59,139,049	63,893,461	67,267,258	69,696,762	
Renewal/New Levies Modeled						
+ Revenue	81,691,344	84,513,822	85,410,065	81,628,257	77,784,351	
+ Proposed Renew/Replacement Levies	-	-	-	4,848,561	9,740,057	
+ Proposed New Levies	-	-	-	-	-	
- Expenditures	(75,642,831)	(79,759,410)	(82,036,268)	(84,047,314)	(86,018,111	
= Revenue Surplus or Deficit	6,048,513	4,754,412	3,373,797	2,429,504	1,506,297	
Line 7.020 Ending Balance with renewal/new levies	59,139,049	63,893,461	67,267,258	69,696,762	71,203,059	
Analysis Without Renewal Levies Included:						
Revenue Surplus or Deficit w/o Levies	6,048,513	4,754,412	3,373,797	(2,419,057)	(8,233,760)	

In FY 2022 a revenue surplus is expected. This means that expenditures are expected to be less than revenue by -\$6,048,513 in FY 2022. By the last year of the forecast, FY 2026, the district is expected to have a revenue shortfall where expenditures are projected to be greater than revenue by \$8,233,760 The district would need to cut its FY 2026 projected expenses by 9.57% in order to balance its budget without additional revenue.

63,893,461

67,267,258

64,848,201

56,614,441

59,139,049

The district's cash balance is positive at year-end in FY 2022 and is projected to worsen by FY 2026. A worsening cash balance can erode the district's financial stability over time.

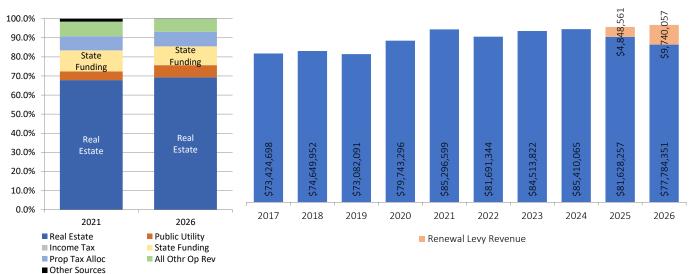
This forecast includes the Fair School Funding Plan (FSFP) adopted by Ohio starting in FY 2022. The district expects a combined impact of \$590,726 in FY 2022. This forecast includes a CFO adjusted trend calculation of the FSFP impact using current information. As information changes the estimates will be updated. The district is considered a guarantee district in FY 2022. A detailed state funding supplement to this forecast has been prepared and should be reviewed and considered part of the forecast assumptions.

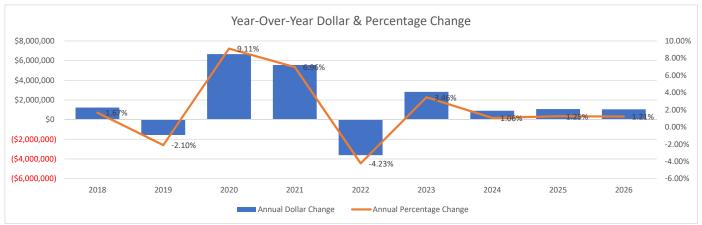
guarantee district in FY 2022.

Ending Balance w/o Levies

Revenue Sources and Forecast Year-Over-Year Projected Overview

Sources of Revenue Over Time





3-Year Historical Actual Average Annual Dollar Change Compared to 5-Year Projected

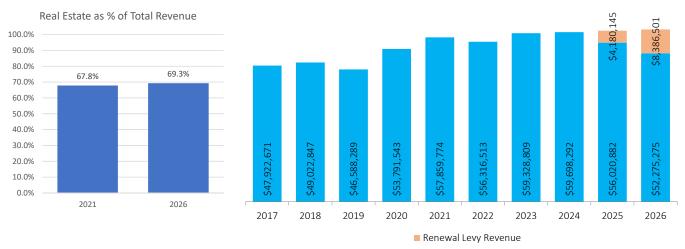
Compared to 3-real Projected				
	Historical	Projected	Projected	Total revenue increased 4.47% or \$3,548,882 annually during the
	Average	Average	Compared to	past five years and is projected to increase 0.52% or \$445,562
	Annual	Annual	Historical	annually through FY2026. Real Estate has the most projected
	\$\$ Change	\$\$ Change	Variance	average annual variance compared to the historical average at -
Real Estate	\$2,945,642	\$560,400	(\$2,385,242)	\$2,385,242
Public Utility	\$308,628	\$338,235	\$29,606	
Income Tax	\$0	\$0	\$0	
State Funding	(\$558,009)	(\$161,718)	\$396,291	Real estate - Decrease due to anticpated large tax refund.
Prop Tax Alloc	\$81,612	\$77,749	(75,005)	IDublic Hility Valuations are forecasts to increase by 6.070/ which is
All Othr Op Rev	\$442,518	(\$129,532)	(\$572,050)	the 5 year average.
Other Sources	\$328,491	(\$239,572)	(\$568,064)	Property Tax Allocation - the change represents the elimination of
Total Average Annual Change		(\$3,103,320)	the TPP reimbursement.	
	4.47%	0.52%	***************************************	IUTher - The decrease represents one time dollars that cannot be
Note: Expanditure average appual change is projected				prior year expenditures.

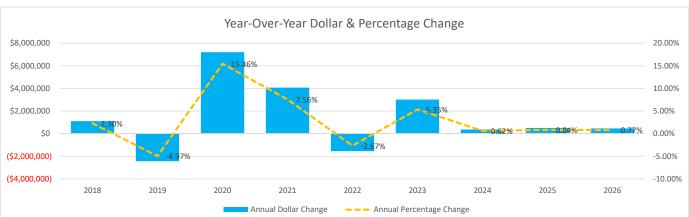
Note: Expenditure average annual change is projected

to be > \$2,421,941 On an annual average basis, expenditures are projected to grow faster than revenue.

1.010 - General Property Tax (Real Estate)

Revenue collected from taxes levied by a school district by the assessed valuation of real property using effective tax rates for class I (residential/agricultural) and class II (business).





Values, Ta	x Rates and Gross Co	Gross Collection Rate					
Tax Yr	Valuation	Value Change	Class I Rate	Change	Class II Rate	Change	Including Delinquencies
2020	1,614,255,670	33,844,670	40.18	-	45.74	-	96.8%
2021	1,789,211,265	174,955,595	35.67	(4.51)	44.36	(1.38)	98.8%
2022	1,802,004,232	12,792,967	35.64	(0.03)	44.37	0.01	98.8%
2023	1,813,954,977	11,950,745	35.63	(0.01)	44.39	0.02	98.8%
2024	1,877,844,134	63,889,157	34.76	(0.87)	43.49	(0.90)	98.8%
2025	1,880,878,596	3,034,462	34.74	(0.02)	44.60	1.12	98.8%

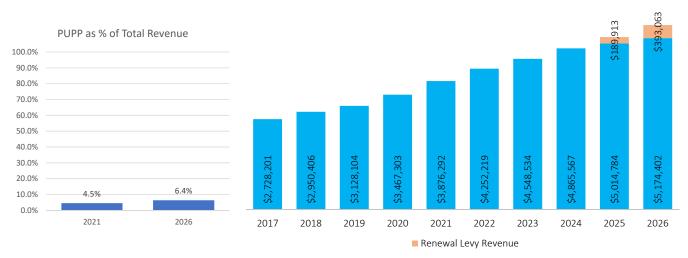
Real estate property tax revenue accounts for 67.83% of total revenue. Class I or residential/agricultural taxes make up approximately 73.13% of the real estate property tax revenue. The Class I tax rate is 35.67 mills in tax year 2021. The district is modeling the renewal of real estate property taxes levies through 2024. The projections reflect an average gross collection rate of 98.8% annually through tax year 2025. The revenue changed at an average annual historical rate of 5.58% and is projected to change at an average annual rate of 0.95% through FY 2026.

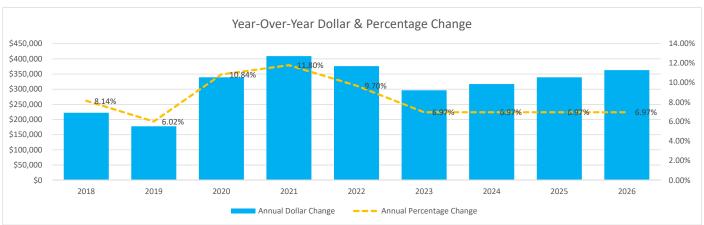
The three year average Gross Collection Rate including Delinquencies benchmark is 98.85%. The gross collection rate did decrease to 96.85% in calendar year 2021 compared to calendar year 2020 of 99.49%.

The forecast assumes that in collection year 2022, commercial property will decrease in assessed valuation by \$42,653,310 due to the sale of South Park Mall. During April of 2021, the mall was valued by the county at \$181,866,600 and sold for \$57,720,150. Prior to the sale, South Park Mall filed a complaint with the Board of Revisions requesting a value of \$60,000,000. A decrease of \$121,866,600 or \$42,653,310 of assessed valuation (assessed valuation = 35% of value). The decrease in assessed valuation is offset by an anticipated increase in commercial property as a whole. Additionally, the forecast assumes a tax refund of \$2,789,386 in FY 2022 for South Park Mall for tax years 2018, 2019, 2020, due to open Board of Revisions Complaints. No final determinations have been awarded yet as the complaints are pending, the forecast assumes the worst case scenario.

1.020 - Public Utility Personal Property

Revenue generated from public utility personal property valuations multiplied by the district's full voted tax rate.



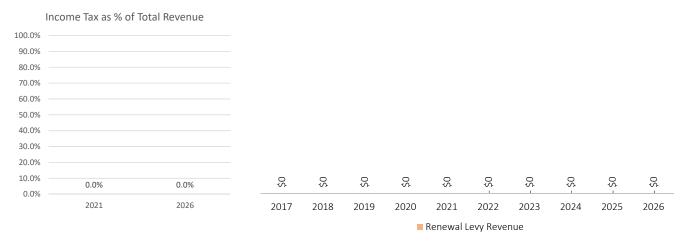


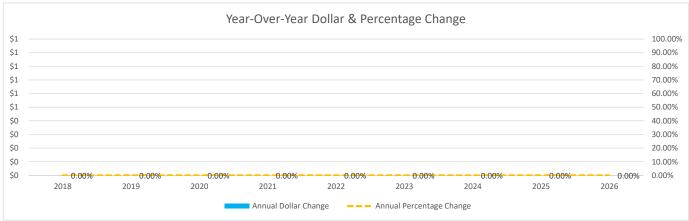
Values and Tax	x Rates	Gross Collection Rate			
Tax Year	Valuation	Value Change	Full Voted Rate	Change	Including Delinquencies
2020	49,168,210	4,241,580	83.68	-	100.0%
2021	52,595,234	3,427,024	83.68	0.00	100.0%
2022	56,261,122	3,665,888	83.68	-	100.0%
2023	60,182,522	3,921,400	83.68	-	100.0%
2024	64,377,244	4,194,722	83.68	-	100.0%
2025	68,864,338	4,487,094	83.68	-	100.0%

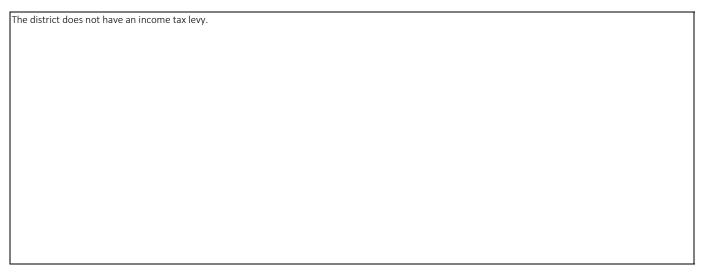
The public utility personal property tax revenue is generated from the personal property values, additions, and depreciation reported by the utility companies. This category currently makes up 4.54% of total district revenue. The property is taxed at the full voted tax rate which in tax year 2021 is 83.68 mills. The forecast is modeling an average gross collection rate of 99.97%. The revenue changed historically at an average annual dollar amount of \$308,628 and is projected to change at an average annual dollar amount of \$338,235 through FY 2026.

1.030 - No Income Tax

Revenue collected from income tax earmarked specifically to support schools with a voter approved tax by residents of the school district; separate from federal, state and municipal income taxes.



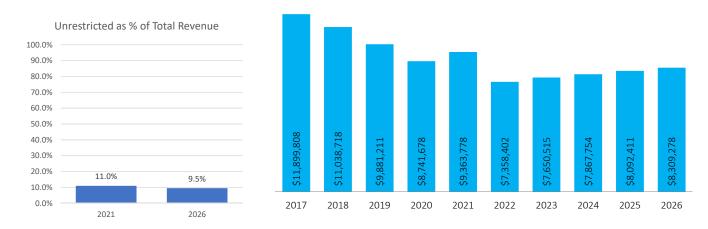


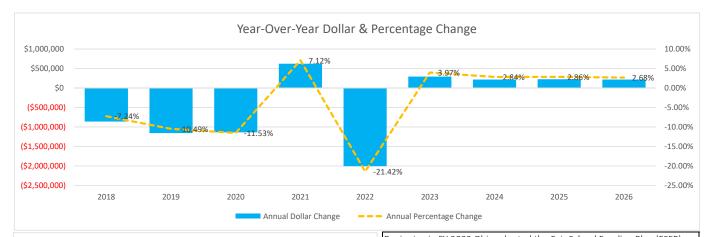


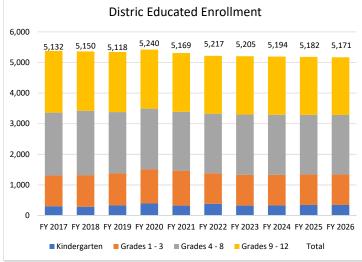
*Projected % trends include renewal levies

1.035 - Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid

Funds received through the State Foundation Program with no restriction.







Beginning in FY 2022 Ohio adopted the Fair School Funding Plan (FSFP). Funding is driven by a base cost methodology that incorporates the four components identified as necessary to the education process. The Base Cost is currently calculated for two years using a statwide average from historical actual data.

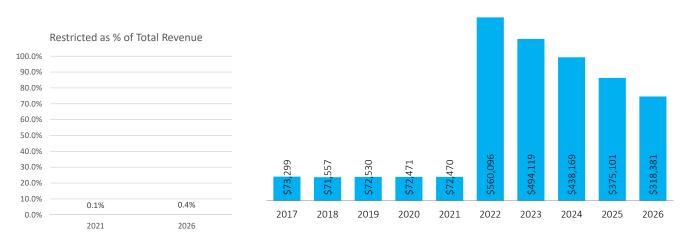
For Strongsville City School District the calculated Base Cost total is \$37,448,529 in FY 2022.

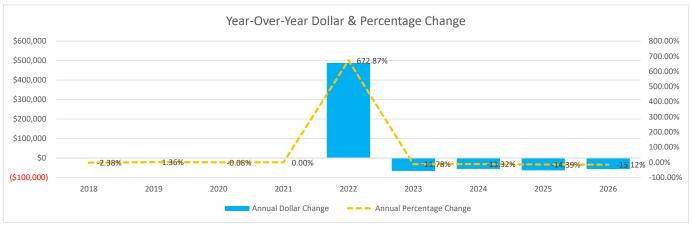
The state's share of the calculated Base Cost total is \$1,887,416 or \$362 per pupil.

The FSFP change to district educated enrollment will reduce funded enrollment but also potentially reduce tuition cost. In FY 2021, the district had approximately \$2,373,403 in possible tuition cost reductions. These reductions will be reflected in the purchased services expenditure note.

1.040 & 1.045 - Restricted Grants-in-Aid

Funds received through the State Foundation Program or other allocations that are restricted for specific purposes.



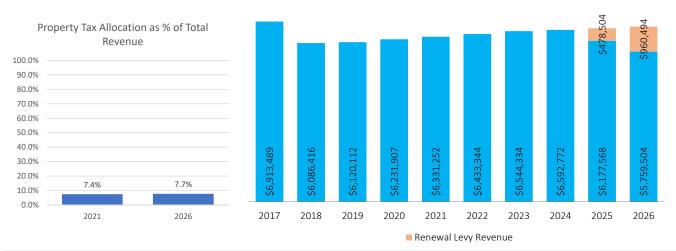


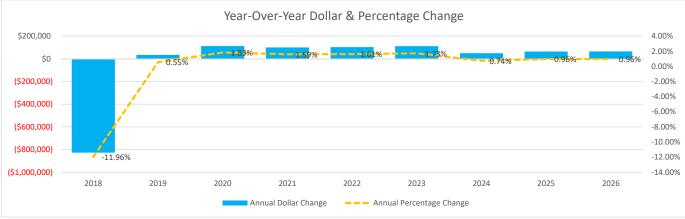
Restricted aid is the portion of state per pupil funding that must be classifed as restricted use. Historically the district's restricted state aid changed annually on average by \$304 and is projected to change annually on average by \$49,182. Restricted funds represent 0.08% of total revenue. Starting in FY 2022 the district's Success & Wellness funding is considered restricted, the state's share of this funding is recorded as restricted is \$250,796. This funding has implications on general fund expenditures in that certain spending now occuring in a fund external to the general fund could shift to the general fund. The expenditures in this forecast are adjusted to reflect this change.

w is summary of the restricted aid by fiscal year	ar and category:				
Restricted State Funding	. FY 2022	. FY 2023	. FY 2024	. FY 2025	. FY 2026
			-		-
. Success/Wellness SF3 Result2	\$250,796	\$219,177	\$191,618	\$160,216	\$132,933
. Weighted CTE, ELL SF5	\$36,674	\$33,901	\$31,713	\$29,124	\$27,517
. DPIA SF6	\$46,977	\$49,236	\$57,989	\$63,891	\$71,068
. Gifted SF5	\$225,649	\$191,805	\$156,849	\$121,870	\$86,864
Categorical and Add-on Restricted	\$560,096	\$494,119	\$438,169	\$375,101	\$318,381

1.050 - Property Tax Allocation

Includes funds received for Tangible Personal Property Tax Reimbursement, Electric Deregulation, Homestead and Rollback.



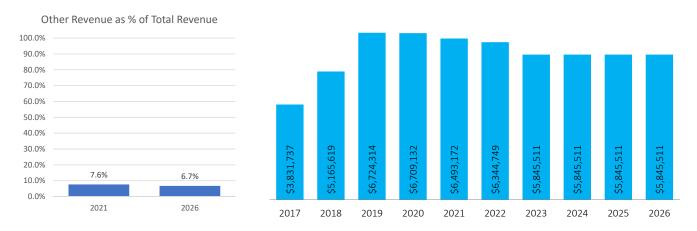


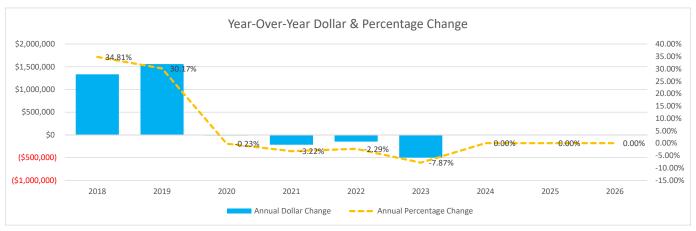
Property tax allocation primarily consists of reimbursements from the state of Ohio for local taxpayer credits or reductions. The state reduces the local taxpayer's tax bill with a 10% rollback credit, and 2.5% owner-occupied rollback credit, plus a homestead credit for qualifying taxpayers. In FY 2022, approximately 10.4% local residential property taxes will be reimbursed by the state in the form of rollback credits and approximately 2.2% will be reimbursed in the form of qualifying homestead exemption credits.

*Projected % trends include renewal levies

1.060 - All Other Operating Revenues

Operating revenue sources not included in other lines; examples include tuition, fees, earnings on investments, rentals, and donations.



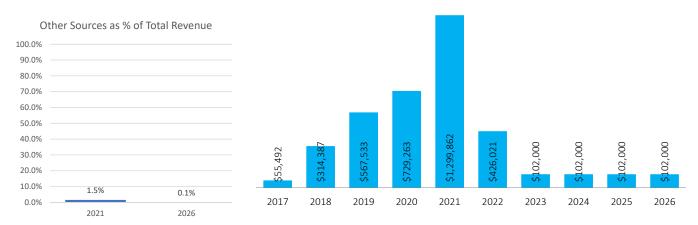


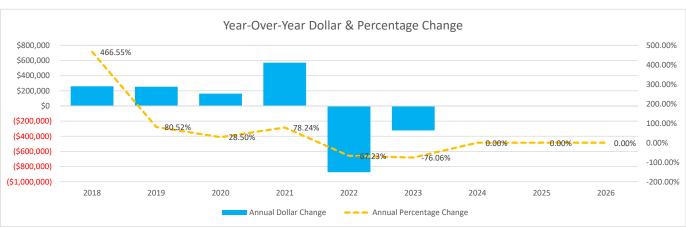
Other revenue includes tuition received by the district for non-resident students educated by the district. It also includes interest income, payments in lieu of taxes, and miscellaneous revenue. The historical average annual change was \$442,518. The projected average annual change is -\$129,532 through FY 2026. The FSFP includes per pupil funding for any open enrollment in students the district is educating. This revenue, if any, was recorded in 'other revenue' prior to FY 2022. Fiscal year 2022 and beyond will not include any open enrollment in revenue. The district did not post any revenue code 1227 open enrollment in revenue in FY 2021.

Other revenues mainly consist of: Preschool Tuition - \$101,409, Full Day Kindergarten Tuition - \$532,553, Tuition from Other Districts - \$412,000, Interest Income - \$342,988, Sports PTP and Trainer - \$228,000, Revenue in lieu of Taxes/TIF's - \$3,903,000, Special Ed Catastrophic Aid - \$300,000, Medicaid - \$248,000.

2.070 - Total Other Financing Sources

Includes proceeds from sale of notes, state emergency loans and advancements, operating transfers-in, and all other financing sources like sale and loss of assets, and refund of prior year expenditures.





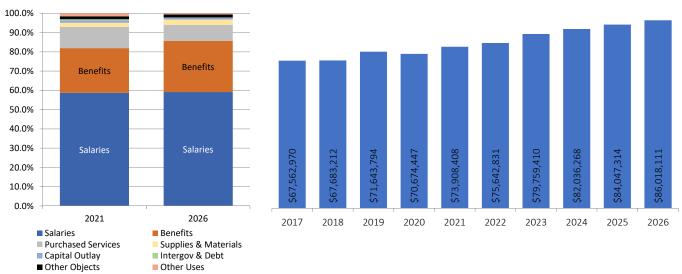
		FORECASTED						
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026		
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Advances In	86,601	126,862	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000		
All Other Financing Sources	1,213,260	299,159	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000		

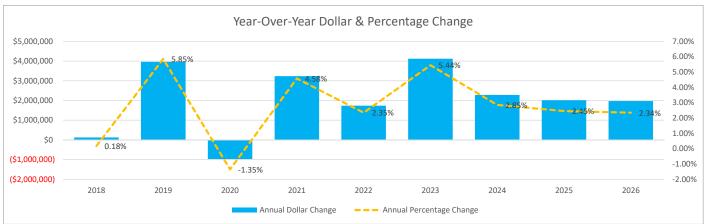
Other sources includes revenue that is generally classified as non-operating. Return advances-in are the most common revenue source. In FY 2021 the district receipted \$86,601 as advances-in and is projecting advances of \$126,862 in FY 2022. The district also receives other financing sources such as refund of prior year expenditures in this category. The district is projecting that all other financing sources will be \$299,159 in FY 2022 and average \$22,000 annually through FY 2026.

Other sources are projected to decrease in FY 2022 from FY 2021 due to two one time premium/dividend returns from the Bureau of Workers Compensation totaling \$1,147,398. During FY 2020, the District received one time premium returns from the Bureau of Workers Compensation totaling \$643,000. The nature of these funds are one time moneys and cannot be relied upon annually.

Expenditure Categories and Forecast Year-Over-Year Projected Overview

Expenditure Categories Over Time





3-Year Historical Actual Average Annual Dollar Change Compared to 5-Year Projected

,	Historical	Drojected	Drainatad	Total avanaditures increased 2 000/ or \$2 075 005 annually during
		Projected	Projected	Total expenditures increased 2.88% or \$2,075,065 annually during
	Average	Average	Compared to	the past five years and is projected to increase 3.28% or \$2,421,941
	Annual	Annual	Historical	annually through FY2026. Benefits has the largest projected
	\$\$ Change	\$\$ Change	Variance	average annual variance compared to the historical average at
Salaries	\$1,071,105	\$1,493,880	\$422,776	\$799,716.
Benefits	\$345,115	\$1,144,831	\$799,716	
Purchased Services	\$284,148	(\$199,314)	(\$483,462)	
Supplies & Materials	\$63,936	\$149,410	\$85,474	
Capital Outlay	\$97,256	(\$12,333)	(\$109,588)	
Intergov & Debt	(\$93,882)	(\$68,714)	\$25,169	
Other Objects	(\$37,116)	\$33,514	\$70,631	
Other Uses	\$344,505	(\$119,334)	(\$463,838)	
Total Average Annual Change	\$2,075,065	\$2,421,941	\$346,875	
	2.88%	3.28%	0.40%	

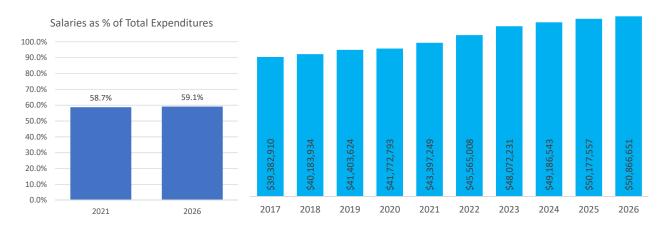
Note: Expenditure average annual change is projected

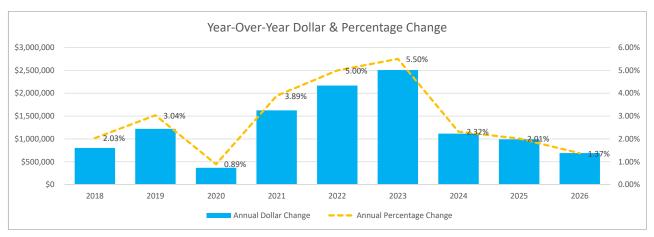
to be > \$2,421,941

On an annual average basis, revenues are projected to grow $\,$ slower than expenditures.

3.010 - Personnel Services

Employee salaries and wages, including extended time, severance pay, supplemental contracts, etc.





Salaries represent 58.72% of total expenditures and increased at a historical average annual rate of 2.54% or \$1,071,105. This category of expenditure is projected to grow at an annual average rate of 3.06% or \$1,493,880 through FY 2026. The projected average annual rate of change is 0.52% more than the five year historical annual average.

The Forecast assumes all union agreement as currently defined. The increasae from FY 2020 to FY 2021, and FY 2021 to FY 2022 are to due to step movements and COLA increases based on the current negogiated agreements. Additionally, for FY 2020 and FY 2021, the District experienced savings in substitute costs, overtime, and coaching supplements. In FY 2022, those cost are restored and reflected in the budget/forecast.

Current negotiated agreements represent COLA increases:

SEA: FY 20 - 1%, FY 21 - 2%, FY 22 - 2%, FY 23 - 2%.

OAPSE - FY 20 - 1.5%, FY 21 - 1.5%, FY 22 - 2%, FY 23 - 2%, FY 24 - 2%

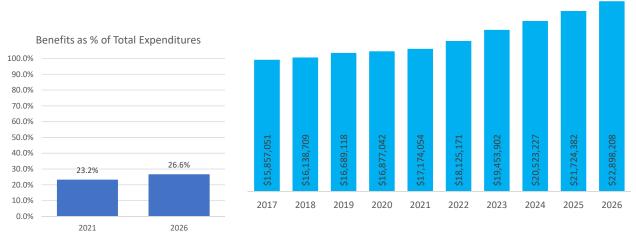
Administration / Leadership - FY 20 - 1.5%, FY 21 - 1.5%, FY 22 - 1.5%.

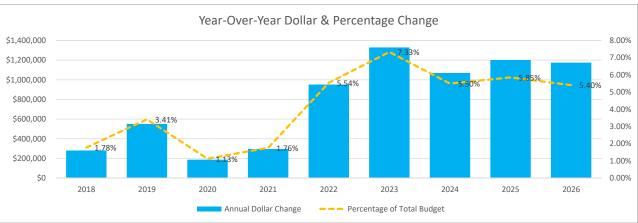
Staffing assumptions: The forecast assumed 678 positions budgeted within the general fund for FY 21. During fiscal year 2022 the forecast assumes 685 general fund positions, an increase of 7 positions. The increase is due to two new curriculum positions and the three literacy coaches coming onto to the general fund as they are currently grant funded and the grant is set to expire during FY 2021. In fiscal year 2025 and beyond, the forecast assumes 3 additional positions coming on to the general fund as ESSER Funds will expire for these position.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic - the following budget adjustments were made to salary: Supplemental salary for Remote 2.0 and SCS Connects - \$600,000 (FY2021 only) Custodial costs - increased custodial staffing by 31 hours.

3.020 - Employees' Benefits

Retirement for all employees, Workers Compensation, early retirement incentives, Medicare, unemployment, pickup on pickup, and all health-related insurances.





Benefits represent 23.24% of total expenditures and increased at a historical average annual rate of 2.04% This category of expenditure is projected to grow at an annual average rate of 5.57% through FY 2026. The projected average annual rate of change is 3.53% more than the five year historical annual average.

Benefits consists of: STRS/SERS pension costs, health care benefits, Medicare, workers compensation premiums, and unemployment costs.

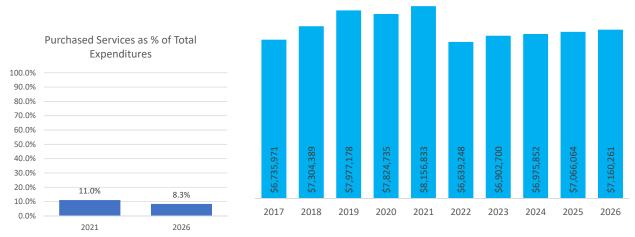
During fiscal year 2020, the district experienced cost savings within the benefit categories that are a percentage of salary due to associated salary savings. As the district resumes normal operations, those benefit costs will be restored. The district also realized a savings in FY 20 workers compensation premium due to certain rebates.

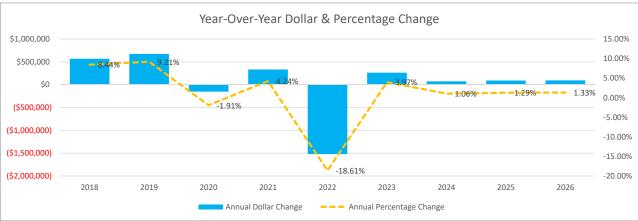
STRS/SERS and Medicare expenditures will increase annually proportionally with salary increases.

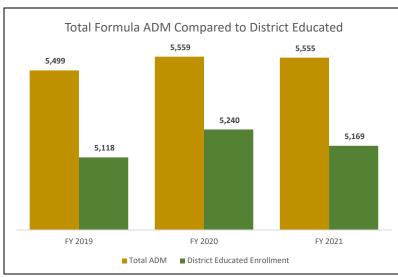
From fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2020, the district did not experience a change in health care premium cost. For fiscal year 2021 health care premiums increase by 3%. For fiscal year 2023 the projected annual increase is 8%.

3.030 - Purchased Services

Amounts paid for personal services rendered by personnel who are not on the payroll of the school district, expenses for tuition paid to other districts, utilities costs and other services which the school district may purchase.



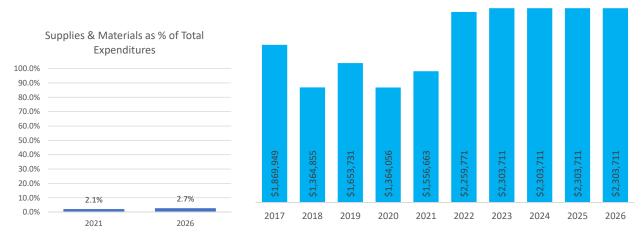


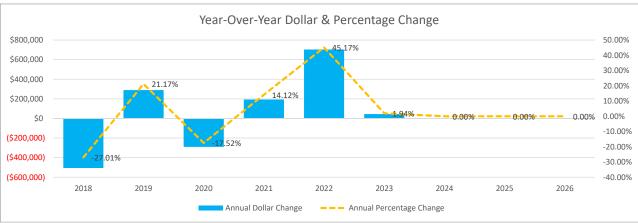


Purchased Services represent 11.04% of total expenditures and increased at a historical average annual rate of 3.56%. This category of expenditure is projected to decrease at an annual average rate of -2.87% through FY 2026 The FSFP funds only district educated enrollment thereby reducing tuition cost for open enrollment out, community schools, STEM, and scholarships starting in FY 2022. In FY 2021 these costs totaled \$2,373,403. The graph to the left reflects the difference between past formula enrolled compared to actual district educated.

3.040 - Supplies & Materials

Expenditures for general supplies, instructional materials including textbooks and media material, bus fuel and tires, and all other maintenance supplies.





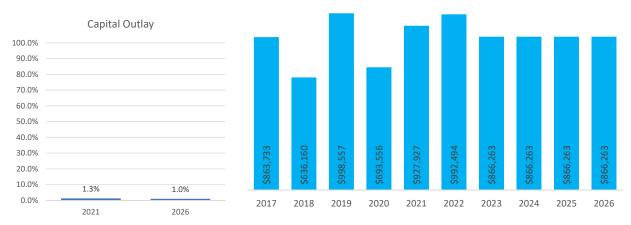
Supplies & Materials represent 2.11% of total expenditures and increased at a historical average annual rate of 4.19%. This category of expenditure is projected to grow at an annual average rate of 6.51% through FY 2026. The projected average annual rate of change is 2.32% more than the five year historical annual average.

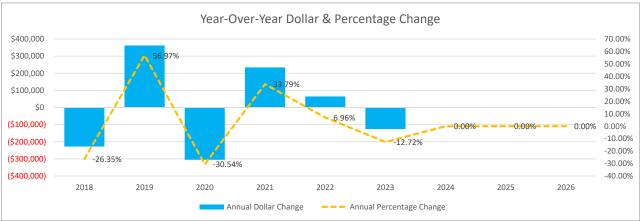
Materials and Services primarily consists of the following: instructional supplies, office supplies, textbooks, software, fuel, and cleaning and building supplies.

Materials and Supplies is forecasted to increase by \$703,108 from FY 2021 to FY 2022. which is due to FY 2021 savings or unspent budget. Materials and supplies make up 3.00% of the Districts general fund budget.

3.050 - Capital Outlay

This line includes expenditures for items having at least a five-year life expectancy, such as land, buildings, improvements of grounds, equipment, computers/technology, furnishings, and buses.



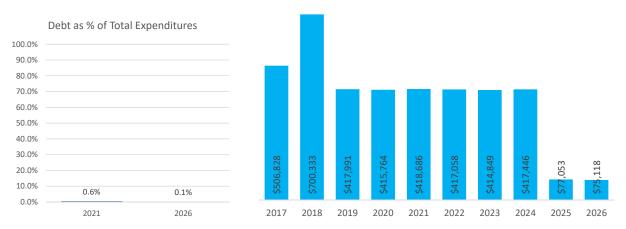


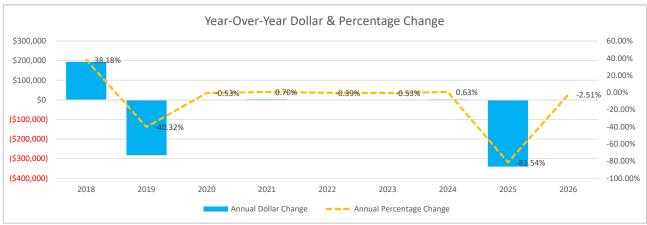
Capital Outlay represent 1.26% of total expenditures and increased at a historical average annual amount of \$97,256. This category of expenditure is projected to decrease at an annual average rate of -\$12,333 through FY 2026. The projected average annual change is less than the five year historical annual average.

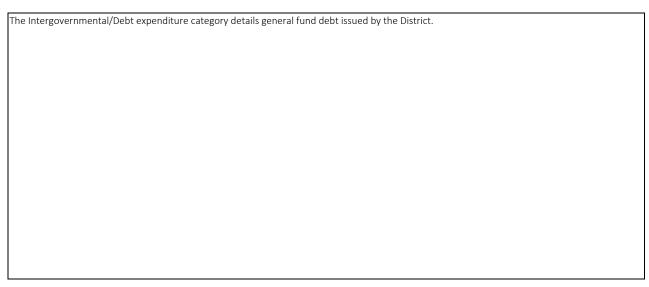
About 50% of the Capital Outlay category is the purchase of Chromebooks and infrastrcuture to support the District's :1:1 technology initiative.

3.060-4.060 - Intergovernmental & Debt

These lines account for pass through payments, as well as monies received by a district on behalf of another governmental entity, plus principal and interest payments for general fund borrowing.

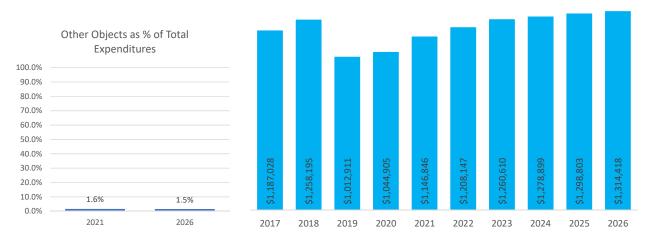


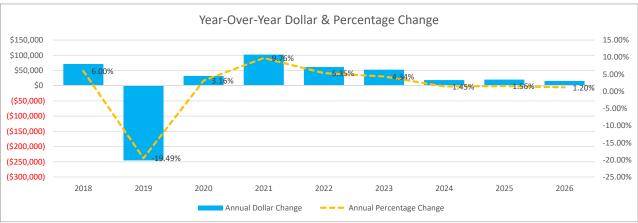




4.300 - Other Objects

Primary components for this expenditure line are membership dues and fees, ESC contract deductions, County Auditor/Treasurer fees, audit expenses, and election expenses.





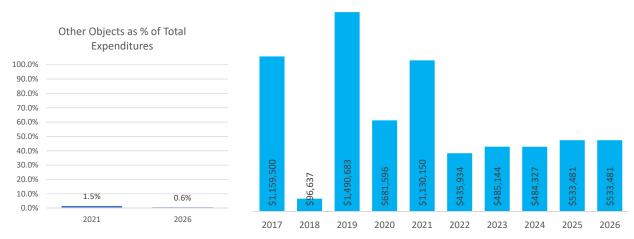
Other Objects represent 1.55% of total expenditures and decreased at a historical average annual rate of -3.47%. This category of expenditure is projected to grow at an annual average rate of 2.63% through FY 2026. The projected average annual rate of change is 6.11% more than the five year historical annual average.

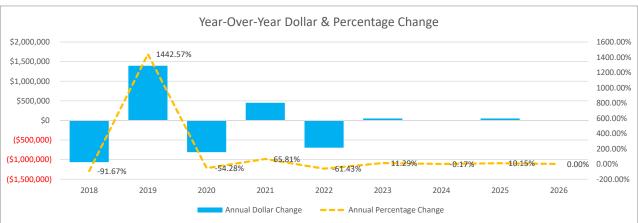
Other objects represent expenditures such as memberships in professional organizations, audit costs, bank charges, liability insurance, and county auditor charges.

County auditor charges represents 72.5% of the this category. County auditor fees are calculated at a percentage of actual real estate taxes collected. The increase in FY 2021, represents an increase in county auditor fees due to the second half the new levy being collected.

5.040 - Total Other Financing Uses

Operating transfers-out, advances out to other funds, and all other general fund financing uses.





		FORECASTED				
	2021	2022 2023 2024 2025				
Transfers Out	1,003,288	355,934	405,144	404,327	453,481	453,481
Advances Out	126,862	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000
Other Financing Uses	-	-	-	-	-	-

Other uses includes expenditures that are generally classified as non-operating. It is typically in the form of advances-out which are then repaid into the general fund from the other district funds. In FY 2021 the district had advances-out and has advances-out forecasted through FY 2026. The district can also move general funds permanently to other funds and as the schedule above presents, the district has transfers forecasted through FY 2026. The table above presents the district's planned advances and transfers. The district can also have other uses of funds which is reflected in the table above.

For FY 2022 transfers and advances are forecasted to be \$355,934, which are made up of the following:

 Fund 004 - Turf Fund \$ 55,934

 Fund 035 - Termination Benefits \$250,000

 Advances to Other Funds \$ 80,000

The decrease from FY 2021 to FY 2022 is due to the district does not anticpate a transfer will need to be made for food services as long as particaption continues at the current rate, and for athletics as the district will have fans in the seats for home competitions.

The increase in future years is due to anticpated transfer needed for food services once the free meals for all students as expired, may see a decline in participation.

Strongsville City School District

Five Year Forecast

	Actual			FORECASTED		
Fis	cal Year: 2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Revenue:						
1.010 - General Property Tax (Real Estate)	57,859,774	56,316,513	59,328,809	59,698,292	56,020,882	52,275,275
1.020 - Public Utility Personal Property	3,876,292	4,252,219	4,548,534	4,865,567	5,014,784	5,174,402
1.030 - Income Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.035 - Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	9,363,778	7,358,402	7,650,515	7,867,754	8,092,411	8,309,278
1.040 - Restricted Grants-in-Aid	72,470	560,096	494,119	438,169	375,101	318,381
1.050 - Property Tax Allocation	6,331,252	6,433,344	6,544,334	6,592,772	6,177,568	5,759,504
1.060 - All Other Operating Revenues	6,493,172	6,344,749	5,845,511	5,845,511	5,845,511	5,845,511
1.070 - Total Revenue	83,996,737	81,265,323	84,411,822	85,308,065	81,526,257	77,682,351
Other Financing Sources:						
2.010 - Proceeds from Sale of Notes	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.020 - State Emergency Loans and Adv	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.040 - Operating Transfers-In	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.050 - Advances-In	86,601	126,862	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000
2.060 - All Other Financing Sources	1,213,260		22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000
2.070 - Total Other Financing Sources	1,299,862	·	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000
2.080 - Total Rev & Other Sources	85,296,599	81,691,344	84,513,822	85,410,065	81,628,257	77,784,351
Expenditures:						
3.010 - Personnel Services	43,397,249	45,565,008	48,072,231	49,186,543	50,177,557	50,866,651
3.020 - Employee Benefits	17,174,054	18,125,171	19,453,902	20,523,227	21,724,382	22,898,208
3.030 - Purchased Services	8,156,833	6,639,248	6,902,700	6,975,852	7,066,064	7,160,261
3.040 - Supplies and Materials	1,556,663	2,259,771	2,303,711	2,303,711	2,303,711	2,303,711
3.050 - Capital Outlay	927,927		866,263	866,263	866,263	866,263
Intergovernmental & Debt Service	418,686		414,849	417,446	77,053	75,118
4.300 - Other Objects	1,146,846	•	1,260,610	1,278,899	1,298,803	1,314,418
4.500 - Total Expenditures	72,778,257		79,274,266	81,551,941	83,513,833	85,484,630
Other Financing Uses	12,116,231	73,200,837	73,274,200	61,331,341	63,313,633	63,464,030
5.010 - Operating Transfers-Out	1,003,288	355,934	405,144	404,327	453,481	453,481
5.020 - Advances-Out	126,862		80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000
5.030 - All Other Financing Uses	120,802	80,000	50,000	50,000	80,000	80,000
5.040 - Total Other Financing Uses	1,130,150	435,934	485,144	484,327	533,481	533,481
5.050 - Total Exp and Other Financing Uses	73,908,408		79,759,410	82,036,268	84,047,314	86,018,111
5.050 - Total Exp and Other Financing Oses	73,300,400	75,042,831	75,755,410	82,030,208	84,047,314	80,018,111
6.010 - Excess of Rev Over/(Under) Exp	11,388,191	6,048,513	4,754,412	3,373,797	(2,419,057)	(8,233,760)
0.010 - Excess of Nev Over/(Officer) Exp	11,366,131	. 0,048,313	4,734,412	3,373,737	(2,413,037)	(8,233,700)
7.010 - Cash Balance July 1 (No Levies)	41,702,345	53,090,536	59,139,049	63,893,461	67,267,258	64,848,201
7.020 - Cash Balance June 30 (No Levies)	53,090,536		63,893,461	67,267,258	64,848,201	56,614,441
7.020 cash balance same so (No Ecvics)	33,030,330	33,133,013	03,033,101	01,201,230	0 1,0 10,201	30,011,111
		Reservations				
8.010 - Estimated Encumbrances June 30	2,173,525		2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000
9.080 - Reservations Subtotal	2,173,323		-	-	-	-
10.010 - Fund Bal June 30 for Cert of App	50,917,011	57,039,049	61,793,461	65,167,258	62,748,201	54,514,441
Rev from Replacement/Renewal Levies	30,317,011	37,033,013	01,755,101	03,107,230	02,7 10,201	31,311,111
11.010 & 11.020 - Renewal Levies		_	_	_	4,848,561	9,740,057
11.030 - Cumulative Balance of Levies	_	_	_	_	4,848,561	14,588,618
12.010 - Fund Bal June 30 for Cert of Obligation		57,039,049	61,793,461	65,167,258	67,596,762	69,103,059
Revenue from New Levies	50,917,011	37,033,043	01,793,401	05,107,236	07,330,702	05,105,055
13.010 & 13.020 - New Levies		_	_	_	_	_
		•				
13.030 - Cumulative Balance of New Levies	_	_	_	_	_	_



Strongsville City School District

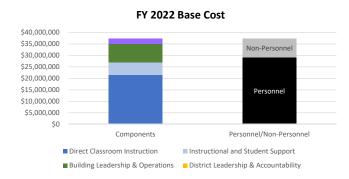
State Funding Supplement to Five-Year Forecast

November, 2021





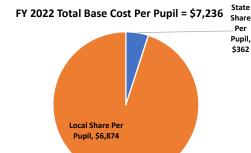
Ohio's Fair School Funding Plan Base Cost State Share Overview - FY 2022



Beginning in FY 2022 Ohio adopted the Fair School Funding Plan (FSFP). Funding is driven by a base cost methodology that incorporates the four components identified as necessary to the education process. The Base Cost is currently calculated for two years using a statwide average from historical actual data.

For Strongsville City School District the calculated Base Cost total is \$37,448,529 in FY 2022.

There are four Base Cost component areas: Direct Classroom Instruction \$21,608,769, Instructional and Student Support \$5,295,119, Building Leadership and Operations \$8,211,211, Leadership and Accountability \$2,333,430. Of the total base cost about 78% is estimated for personnel related cost.



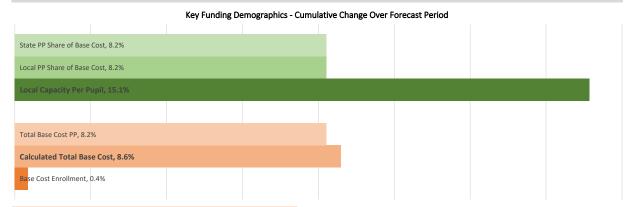
Using the total Base Cost of \$37,448,529 shown above, with an enrollment of 5,176 the total per pupil base cost is \$7,236. The FSFP local capacity methodology, using a per pupil wealth/capacity of \$326,594 calculates that the local portion of total base cost is\$6,874 per pupil in FY 2022. The local per pupil portion is updated each fiscal year and is projected to go up \$565 by FY 2026. At the same time, the total base cost per pupil is estimated to increase by \$594 to a total per pupil base cost of \$7,830.

Note: Enrollment used for base cost calculations is the lower of the three year average (district educated) for years 2019, 2020, and 2021, or 2021 if lower.



Local and State Share - Key Funding Demographics

The Fair School Funding Plan (FSFP) relies upon a calculation of base cost to educate a student that is unique to each district. The calculation uses enrolmment and student demographics to determine cost for teachers, other staff, supplies, etc. Once the base cost is calculated a local pp share is calculated based upon the district's capacity to pay. A state share percentage of the base cost is then determined based upon the remaining portion of total base cost.



The district's calculated total base cost is projected to go up 8.6% over the forecast period ending June 30, 2026. This change is a function of 'inflationary considerations' of the base cost components and enrollment. The district's base cost enrollment is estimated to increase .4% over the forecast period. The resulting per pupil base cost is expected to go up 8.2%. These results are trend-based and are only intended as an indication of overall direction. The current law calculates base cost for both years of the biennium, the same is assumed for subsequent biennial budgets. This method causes per pupil base cost to remain stagnant in the 2nd year of a biennium. Additionally, the FSFP methodology as passed by the legislature is using 2018 salary and benefit information for FY 22 and 23 cost calculations. By FY 2024, these cost factors will be five years behind the current forecast and in some cases the local share calculations.

State Per Pupil Funding

YOY Change

Calculated local capacity to pay for the base cost is expected to increase 15.1% over the forecast period. Therefore, the calculated locally generated funding of per pupil base cost is expected to go up 8.2%. At the same time the calculated state share is expected to go up 8.2%. This results in a local share of 95.% of calculated base cost in FY 2022, compared to a local share of 95.% in FY 2026. These are calculated changes and actual funding results could vary. For example, in some cases a district may be on the funding guarantee.

3.6%

0.0%

FY 22 to FY 26 Change

	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
<u>Total Base Cost</u>	\$42,899,193	\$43,238,672	\$44,772,055	\$44,768,660	\$46,624,504
YOY Change		0.8%	3.5%	0.0%	4.1%
			F'	Y 22 to FY 26 Change	8.7%
Base Cost Enrollment	5,176		5,205		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
YOY Change		0.8%			
			F'	Y 22 to FY 26 Change	0.4%
,				25.01	I
		Biennium		25 Biennium	FY 26/27 Bienn.
	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
<u>Total Per Pupil Base Cost</u>	\$7,236	\$7,246	\$7,506	\$7,508	\$7,830
YOY Change		0.1%	3.6%	0.0%	
			F'	Y 22 to FY 26 Change	8.2%
	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
Property Values + Taxpayer Income	\$326,594	\$337,829	\$352,235	\$365,742	\$376,045
YOY Change		3.4%			
			F'	Y 22 to FY 26 Change	15.1%
Calculated Amount Generated Locally					
<u>Local Per Pupil Capacity</u>	\$6,874	\$6,883	\$7,131	\$7,133	\$7,439
		0.1%	3.6%	0.0%	4.3%
YOY Change		0.170			
YOY Change Total PP Base Cost - Local PP Capacity =		0.170		Y 22 to FY 26 Change	

0.1%

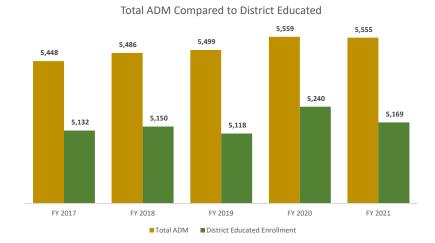
\$362

\$392

4.3%

8.2%

Ohio's Fair School Funding Plan - Districted Educated Enrollment (and implications beyond state revenue)



Perhaps one of the biggest changes that Ohio made to per pupil funding is the definition of enrollment. Starting in FY 2022 Ohio will use "district educated" enrollment which is comprised of resident students attending and open enrollment "in" students. In prior funding formulas the district total/ formula ADM was used to calculated state funding. This change, in some cases reduces net state funding because the district is no longer receiving funding for community school, scholarship students, etc. However, at the same time, the district will not be expensing tuition to pay for these students and therefore cost will be lower.

Note: Total ADM includes community school, open enrollment "out", scholarships, STEM.

Enrollment Implications on Other Revenue and Tuition Expenses (Purchased Services)

	FY 2021
	ODE SFPR
Open Enrollment (OE) Net	(\$168,114) Net OE Out, expenditures will decrease more than OE revenue will decrease.
	This potentially has a 'net favorable' impact on the forecast.
Impact on Expenses Only:	

Community School (\$1,532,308)
Stem School \$0
Cleveland Scholarship \$0
Autism Scholarship (\$257,312)
EdChoice Scholarship \$0
Peterson Scholarship (\$415,668)

The difference in how enrollment is calculated for funding in most cases will create a net favorable result. In other words, the tuition the district was paying as a transfer to others will be eliminated and FY 2022 expenditures should decrease. For open enrollment "in" districts, the tuition revenue will also decrease (and open enrollment tuition out will decrease). The table to the left provides a conceptual result of the potential impact using FY 2021 state funding data.

Net Impact on "other revenue" and "Tuition Cost"

(\$2,373,403) Expenses are decreasing more than the revenues are decreasing

This potentially has a 'net favorable' impact on the forecast.



Ohio's Fair School Funding Plan - Favorable/(Unfavorable) Financial Impact

ı.	Revenue Impact FY 2021 to FY 2022		District
	Overall State Revenue Gain/Loss FY 2021 to FY 2022	Actual Posted	Projected

FY 2021 FY 2022

Unrestricted State Funding Per 5Cast Forecast Lines \$9,363,778 \$7,358,402 <After State Funding Assumption Asst.

Restricted State Funding Per 5Cast Forecast Lines \$72,470 \$560,096 <After State Funding Assumption Asst.

Open Enrollment In Revenue Code 1227 as Posted 5Cast \$0

Total State Funding as Posted \$9,436,248 \$7,918,498 < Total State Funding as Forecasted

Revenue Change FY 22 over/(Under) FY 21 \$(\$1,517,750) Potential Unfavorable Impact on Revenue

Current Assumption Assist Results

II. Expenditure Impact FY 2021 to FY 2022

Other FSFP Factors Beyond State Revenue Detail

FY 2021

Open Enrollment Expense (Calculated) (\$168,114) SFPR Net Adjusted for Posted Open Enrollment In Revenue

From FY 21 June#2 SFPR:

Community School (\$1,532,308)
Stem School \$0
Cleveland Scholarship \$0
Autism Scholarship (\$257,312)
EdChoice Scholarship \$0
Peterson Scholarship (\$415,668)

Potential "Tuition Cost Reduction" Impact

\$264,927 Potential Unfavorable Impact

FY 21 S Wellness Expenditures Shifted to General Fund in FY 22

Memo: SF10 Restricted FY 2022 Wellness \$250.796

Wellness Spending Shifted to General Fd (Assumes All Wellness)

If spent less then could be less unfavorable.

Net Impact on Expenditures (\$2,108,476) Potential Favorable Impact

III. Combined FSFP Conceptual Impact on Both Revenue and Expenditures

FY 2022

Net Impact on FY 22 Revenue Compared to FY 2021 (\$1,517,750) Section I Above

(\$2,373,403)

Net Impact Expenditures Compared to FY 2021 \$2,108,476 Section II Above

Combined Revenue and Expenditure FSFP Impact \$590,726

Note: When comparing to the state's simulations keep in mind that the simulations used the January 2021 SFPR, and the above is June #2, 2021. Also, the simulations did not account for the special education (cat cost pool) deduction of:

(\$25,279)

.A	Local Demographics	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
.A1	Per Pupil Base Cost (SF4 Line C)	\$7,236	\$7,246	\$7,506	\$7,508	\$7,830
.A2	State Per Pupil Share SF4 Line "E"	\$362	\$362	\$375	\$375	\$392
.В	Current Distrct Educated Enrollment (SF1a)	5,217.0	5,205.5	5,193.9	5,182.4	5,170.8
	Current Year's FSFP Formula Funding:	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
.C	State's Share of Base Cost Amt. SF4 Line "I"	\$1,887,416	\$1,885,821	\$1,949,376	\$1,945,505	\$2,024,378
.D	State's Share of Categoricals Step SF5	\$322,074	\$325,458	\$338,346	\$337,607	\$351,098
.E	Targeted SF6 (without Supplemental)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
.F	Calculated FSFP Formula Funding (C+D+E)	\$2,209,491	\$2,211,279	\$2,287,722	\$2,283,112	\$2,375,475
	FY 2020 Guarantee Base Funding:	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
.G	2020 SFPR Base Funding w/o DPIA (Result 1)	\$6,303,447	\$6,303,447	\$6,303,447	\$6,303,447	\$6,303,447
.H	FSFP Formula to FY20 Base Difference (F - G)	(\$4,093,956)	(\$4,092,168)	(\$4,015,725)	(\$4,020,335)	(\$3,927,972)
.l	Formula Phase In or CFO's (below)	16.67%	33.33%	50.00%	66.67%	83.33%
.J	FSFP Formula Phase In Current Years' (H x I)	(\$682,340)	(\$1,363,920)	(\$2,007,863)	(\$2,680,357)	(\$3,273,310)
.K	2020 SFPR + FSFP Formula Phase In (G + J)	\$5,621,108	\$4,939,528	\$4,295,585	\$3,623,090	\$3,030,137
	Add-on DPIA and Supplemental Targeted	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
.L	2020 DPIA Base Step SF6	\$46,977	\$46,977	\$46,977	\$46,977	\$46,977
.M	Calculated DPIA Step SF6	\$60,605	\$61,128	\$61,659	\$62,199	\$62,746
.N	DPIA Phase In or CFO's (below)	0.00%	14.00%	50.00%	66.67%	83.33%
.0	Phased In DPIA Funding (L $+(M - L)*N$)	\$46,977	\$48,958	\$54,318	\$57,125	\$60,118
.P	Supplemental Targeted (SF6)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
.Q	Add-on DPIA and Supplemental Targeted (O + P)	\$46,977	\$48,958	\$54,318	\$57,125	\$60,118
	Base FY20 Guarantee Calculation	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
.R	Current FY Funding (K+ Q)	\$5,668,085	\$4,988,486	\$4,349,903	\$3,680,215	\$3,090,255
.R1	2020 Base (G) Plus DPIA Base (L)	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424
.R2	.'20 Base Transitional Aid (R1 - R) (Result 1)	\$682,340	\$1,361,938	\$2,000,521	\$2,670,209	\$3,260,169
	Formula Phase In or CFO's (below)	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424
	YOY Analysis	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
	Unphased-in Formula (H - J)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	YOY Change		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	FY 2020 Guarantee Line R2	\$682,340	\$1,361,938	\$2,000,521	\$2,670,209	\$3,260,169
	ORECAST5 YOY Change		\$679,599	\$638,583	\$669,688	\$589,960

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Ohio's Fair School Funding Plan - Summary Funding Results (SF8)

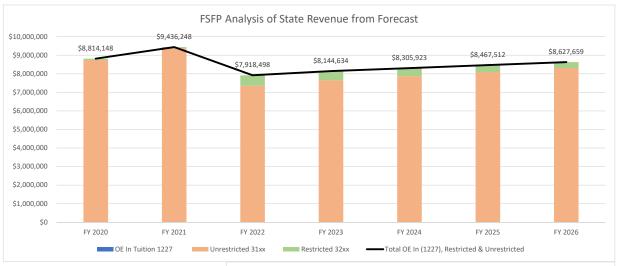
	Funding Summary	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
.R3	Current Year's Funding (R + R2)	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424	\$6,350,424
.S1	Open Enrolled ADM Loss Impact (Result 2)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
.S2	Special Education Set-Aside SF5	(\$25,279)	(\$25,022)	(\$26,215)	(\$26,157)	(\$27,404)
.T1	Career Awareness Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
.T2	CTC Associated Services Adj.	(\$1,267)	(\$1,254)	(\$1,314)	(\$1,311)	(\$1,374)
.T3	Transportation SF7	\$1,084,126	\$1,298,665	\$1,458,428	\$1,617,618	\$1,776,238
.U	FY 2021 Transition Supp Result 3	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
.V	CFO Bottom Line Funding Adjustment Below	(\$9,095)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
.W	Total State Funding	\$7,398,909	\$7,622,813	\$7,781,323	\$7,940,575	\$8,097,885
	YOY Change		\$223,904	\$158,510	\$159,252	\$157,310
	YOY % Change		3.03%	2.08%	2.05%	1.98%
	Trend Indicator of Funding Status FY 20 + FY 21 Base Guarantee Total	Guarantee \$682,340	Guarantee \$1,361,938	Guarantee \$2,000,521	Guarantee \$2,670,209	Guarantee \$3,260,169

These funding estimates culminating to row R3 above and beyond should be considered a trend estimate based upon current information. Many assumptions are made regarding future inflationary pressures and funding decisions based upon current law practice. Current laws can be changed and with it funding results.

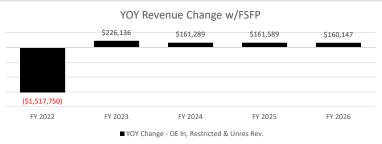
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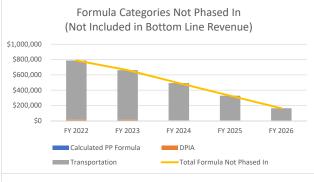


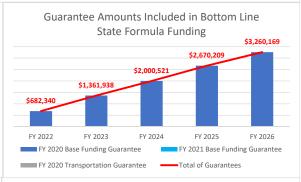
Ohio's Fair School Funding Plan - CFO Bottom Line Revenue Analysys

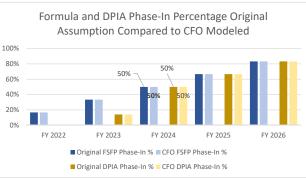


The FSFP is a formula that is being phased in and includes guarantees. With phase-ins some districts may have formula funding that is not phased-in. Other districts may experience guarantee funding. The graphs below point out these key points and the CFO's adjustment response, if any, in the bottom two charts.













Ohio's Fair School Funding Plan - Results in Forecast



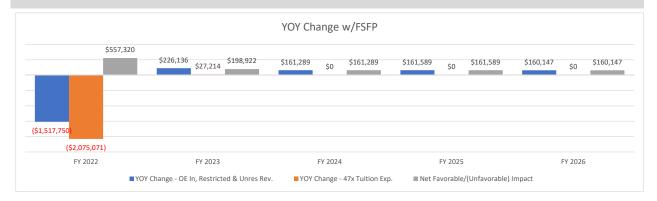


The above graph summarizes key state revenue line items impacted by the FSFP plan. Districts that had open enrollment 'in' revenue will not see this source of revenue in the future. Overall the district's revenue decreased -\$1,517,750 from FY 2021 to FY 2022. The above results are from the district's forecast and assume USAS codification standards. Note: FY 2020 and FY 2021 are actual. FY 2022 through FY 2026 are current forecast results.

Current Forecasted Tuition FSFP Analysis



Tuition expenses were impacted by the FSFP plan. Tuition expense for community schools, open enrollment out, STEM, scholarships, and EdChoice are no longer incurred as expenses in FY 2022. Many districts will see a decline in overall tuition cost from FY 2021 to FY 2022. Currently the district is forecasting that FY 2022 total tuition expense will decrease -\$2,075,071. Tuition may not decrease exactly as expended in FY 2021 because the district may be assuming forecast growth/decreases in non-FSFP tuition expenditures. Note: FY 2020 and 2021 are actual. FY 2022 through FY 2026 are current forecast results.



In FY 2022 state revenue (blue bars) is projected to decrease -\$1,517,750. At the same time, because of FSFP and enrollment count changes, 47x tuition (orange bars) expenditures are projected to go down -\$2,075,071. Assuming, as presented in the bar chart above, that the YOY change is all the result of FSFP, then the district is expected to experience a net favorable impact of \$557,320 in FY 2022 (gray bars).

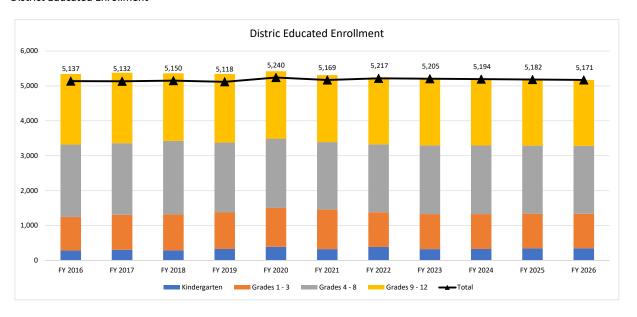


Ohio's Fair School Funding Plan - Transitional Aid "Guarantee Analysis"

FY 2020 Base Transitional Aid Guarantee Calculated Formula Phased In FY 2020 Guarantee as % of Calculated Formula State Base Cost Per Pupil Funding Memo Only: Guarantee Reflected as Student Count Note: Concept only, if students were added PP Funding V	FY 2022 \$682,340 (\$314,084) -217.2% \$362 1,886 would change.	FY 2023 \$1,361,938 (\$626,900) -217.2% \$362 3,759	FY 2024 \$2,000,521 (\$864,002) -231.5% \$375 5,330	FY 2025 \$2,670,209 (\$1,158,206) -230.5% \$375 7,113	FY 2026 \$3,260,169 (\$1,293,826) -252.0% \$392 8,327
FY 2021 Base Supplemental Transitional Guarantee Calculated Formula Phased In FY 2021 Guarantee as % of Calculated Formula State Base Cost Per Pupil Funding Memo Only: Guarantee Reflected as Student Count Note: Concept only, if students were added PP Funding V	\$0 (\$314,084) - \$362	\$0 (\$626,900) - \$362	FY 2024 \$0 (\$864,002) - \$375	\$0 (\$1,158,206) - \$375	FY 2026 \$0 (\$1,293,826) - \$392
Transportation Guarantee Open Enrollment Reduction to FY 2020 Guarantee	FY 2022 \$0 \$0	FY 2023 \$0 \$0	FY 2024 \$0 \$0	FY 2025 \$0 \$0	FY 2026 \$0 \$0



District Educated Enrollment



Note: Many districts experienced loss in district educated enrollment in 2021 due to COVID implications. The review of 2021 below is intended to help identify any COVID impact on enrollment and the implications for 2022 and beyond if those students return

	2021 Enrollment	Change	2020 Enrollment	
	5,169	(71)	5,240	Acutual Results COVID Impacted
	5,229	(12)	5,240	Expected Results Using Historical Trend
< Impact on 2022?	60	60	-	Difference

Discussion: Historical trends indicate that district enrollment would have been higher in FY 2021 had COVID not impacted enrollment. It is possible that this impact will be reversed in 2022 with a net impact of 60.